WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019



WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Weimar Independent School District Name of School District

Colorado County

045-905 Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) _____ approved _____ disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2019, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the <u>16</u> day of <u>December</u>

2019.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of Weimar Independent School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weimar Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weimar Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis section which precedes the basic financial statements and the pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities related schedules following the notes to the financial statements be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Weimar Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining statements of individual nonmajor funds and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements of individual nonmajor funds and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2019 on our consideration of Weimar Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Weimar Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC Cedar Park, Texas

November 1, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Weimar Independent School District (the "District") discuss and analyze the financial performance of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read this information in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position for governmental activities increased by \$649,066 as a result of this year's current operations, to end at \$6,768,200.
- Total governmental funds of the District (the General Fund plus all Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund) reported an overall fund balance increase of \$720,857, to end at \$6,829,311.
- The General Fund of the District reported a fund balance increase of \$441,644 for the year, to end at \$5,052,866.
- The Debt Service Fund of the District reported a fund balance increase of \$253,198 to end at \$1,730,303.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section is the most substantial part of this Annual Financial and Compliance Report. It consists of the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), a set of basic financial statements with required note disclosures, and finally, required supplementary information and other supporting statements and schedules as applicable.

Independent Auditor's Report

State law requires the District's financial statements to be audited by an independent certified public accountant each year. The primary purpose of the annual audit is for the auditor to express an opinion as to whether the financial statements of the District appear to be free from material misstatement. The audit is required to be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The District received an *Unmodified* opinion on its financial statements this year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the report is intended to introduce the financial statements and to provide discussion and analysis regarding the financial performance of the District during the year. The MD&A is written by management of the District and provides for a less formal presentation of the financial activities of the District than is found within the basic financial statements themselves.

Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements consist of a series of financial statements and required note disclosures. These statements include government-wide financial statements which present the District in a consolidated and long-term manner using full-accrual accounting similar to that of a business enterprise, and fund financial statements which present a more detailed view of the District using a more short-term view and traditional modified-accrual governmental accounting. These financial statements are followed with detailed notes which provide narrative explanations and additional data for full disclosure of information.

Required Supplementary Information

The previously discussed Management's Discussion and Analysis section is considered to be required supplementary information, however, the governmental reporting framework requires that it be presented before the financial statements. When applicable, additional required supplementary information must follow the financial statements. Within this financial report, the District presents required schedules related to its participation in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

The combining statements provide detailed information about the District's nonmajor funds. While the primary financial statements present the nonmajor funds in a consolidated manner, the combining statements list all of the nonmajor funds separately, each in its own column. In addition, this section also includes schedules required by the Texas Education Agency to report tax collection information and budget to actual information for the District's child nutrition and debt service functions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Report on Internal Controls and Compliance

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the auditor is required to consider the internal controls the District has in place over financial reporting and whether any noncompliance with rules, laws, and regulations was noted during the audit. This report describes the scope of the testing of internal control and compliance, however, it does not provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or on compliance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

The Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs provides an overall summary of auditor results, including identification of the type of opinion on the financial statements, whether any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls were observed by the audit firm, and whether any material noncompliance was noted. This schedule also lists information related to the audit of the District's major federal programs and lists any audit findings reported by the audit firm for the year.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins with the government-wide financial statements which immediately follow this section. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The primary purpose of these financial statements is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the District and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by the State of Texas in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows) provides one measure of the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, school districts divide up their financial activities as follows:

- Governmental activities School districts report basic services here, including the instruction of students, counseling, co-curricular activities, child nutrition services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, state block grants based on student attendance and demographics, and other state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities School districts may charge a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides for child care programs or other activities that closely model a business venture.

Our school district reported governmental activities this year, however, we did not engage in businesstype activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements follow the government-wide statements and provide detailed information about the most significant funds of the District, not the District as a whole. Laws and regulations require the District to establish separate funds, such as for grants received from the state and federal government, money received from bond issues for capital projects, or for money raised specifically for debt service purposes, in order to clearly display financial accountability for use of these funds.

School districts use two different kinds of funds for operations, governmental funds and proprietary funds, which use different accounting approaches.

- A school district will use *governmental funds* to account for basic services. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- A school district will use *proprietary funds* to account for the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District). Proprietary funds use the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, when a district utilizes enterprise funds, (one category of proprietary funds) these are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but they contain more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. Internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for a district's other programs and activities, such as a district's self-insurance programs.

Our District reported several governmental funds this year, however, we did not utilize proprietary funds.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and alumni scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages that follow the governmental fund financial statements. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is however responsible for applying sound financial internal controls over these funds and for ensuring that these resources are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$6,119,134 to \$6,768,200. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$723,101 at August 31, 2019. The increase in net position of \$649,066 differs from the increase in fund balance of governmental funds of \$720,857 primarily due to expenditures for capital outlay and debt service principal payments not treated as expenses within the governmental activities financial statements.

Table I WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NET POSITION

		Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	~
	2019	2018	Change
Current & Other Assets	\$ 7,472,377	\$ 6,663,332	\$ 809,045
Capital Assets	11,819,294	12,080,863	(261,569)
Deferred Outflows	1,423,327	663,869	759,458
Total Assets and Deferred			
Outflows	20,714,998	19,408,064	1,306,934
Current Liabilities	460,501	384,202	76,299
Long-Term Liabilities	12,334,926	11,523,714	811,212
Deferred Inflows	1,151,371	1,381,014	(229,643)
Total Liabilities and Deferred			
Inflows	13,946,798	13,288,930	657,868
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,235,625	4,106,770	128,855
Restricted	1,809,474	1,528,234	281,240
Unrestricted	723,101	484,130	238,971
Total Net Position	\$ 6,768,200	\$ 6,119,134	\$ 649,066

Table II WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	
	2019	2018	Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 108,730	\$ 114,751	\$ (6,021)
Operating Grants & Contributions	1,381,390	(72,755)	1,454,145
General Revenues:			
Maintenance & Operations Taxes	4,048,528	4,037,677	10,851
Debt Service Taxes	857,529	856,172	1,357
State Aid - Formula Grants	2,396,262	2,225,018	171,244
Grants & Contributions not Restricted	222,628	183,470	39,158
Investment Earnings	72,825	66,551	6,274
Miscellaneous	36,464	415,129	(378,665)
Total Revenue	9,124,356	7,826,013	1,298,343
Expenses:			
Instruction	4,872,651	2,977,379	1,895,272
Instructional Resources & Media Services	52,357	32,949	19,408
Curriculum and Staff Development	32,462	39,216	(6,754)
Instructional Leadership	24,964	18,609	6,355
School Leadership	416,749	248,662	168,087
Guidance/Counseling Services	245,373	173,753	71,620
Health Services	71,021	39,468	31,553
Student Transportation	47,709	67,258	(19,549)
Food Services	329,748	266,115	63,633
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	509,907	391,522	118,385
General Administration	588,937	423,384	165,553
Plant Maintenance and Operations	724,638	713,134	11,504
Security and Monitoring Services	77,724	9,008	68,716
Data Processing Services	242,353	174,627	67,726
Debt Service	238,697	245,905	(7,208)
Total Expenses	8,475,290	5,820,989	2,654,301
Change in Net Position	649,066	2,005,024	(1,355,958)
Net Position at 9/1/18 and 9/1/17	6,119,134	4,114,110	2,005,024
Net Position at 8/31/19 and 8/31/18	\$ 6,768,200	\$ 6,119,134	\$ 649,066

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this annual period, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$5,052,866, which is \$441,644 more than last year's total of \$4,611,222. The increase in fund balance is mainly attributable to lower than expected expenditures and state program revenues being more than budgeted.

The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance of \$1,730,303 which is \$263,198 more than last year's total of \$1,467,105. The purpose of the Debt Service Fund is to provide for the payment of bond principal and interest payments as they become due. The increase in Debt Service fund balance is due to collected revenues exceeding debt payments for the year.

The District's other governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$46,142. This combined balance is \$16,015 more than last year's total of \$30,127. The reason for this change in the combined fund balance was an increase of \$16,015 in the fund balance of the Child Nutrition Fund as a result of lower than expected expenditures and an increase in federal program revenues more than budgeted.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees generally revises the District's budgets based on financial updates provided by management of the District. These amendments involve moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs, or to react to originally unforeseen circumstances, such as unanticipated new revenues or unavoidable new costs. There were several budget amendments made during the year, however, only the amendment made to the General Fund facilities acquisition and construction function was considered to be significant.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of August 31, 2019, the District had \$11,819,294 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

A summary of the ending balances of capital assets by major category for both 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

		vernmental Activities 2019	00	vernmental Activities 2018	Change			
Land	\$	322,763	\$	322,763	\$	-		
Buildings		19,502,067		19,300,250		201,817		
Furniture and Equipment		1,928,983		1,828,231		100,752		
Total		21,753,813		21,451,244		302,569		
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(9,934,519)		(9,370,381)		(564,138)		
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	11,819,294	\$	12,080,863	\$	(261,569)		

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$7,583,669 in bonds outstanding versus \$7,974,093 last year. The decrease is attributable to the District making scheduled payments on its long-term debt during the year.

A summary of the ending balances of long-term debt by type for both 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities 2019		 vernmental Activities 2018	Change		
Gen. Obligation & Refunding Bonds and Premium	\$	7,583,669	\$ 7,974,093	\$	(390,424)	
Total	\$	7,583,669	\$ 7,974,093	\$	(390,424)	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2019-2020 budget and tax rates. Those factors include property values, changes in enrollment, the economy, projections of future budget years, and legislative mandates. The District has adopted a General Fund budget of \$8.0 million for the 2019-2020 fiscal year. This reflects an approximate increase of \$1.5 million in budgeted expenditures from fiscal year 2018-2019 to fiscal year 2019-2020.

For the 2019-2020 budget year, the District decreased its maintenance and operations tax rate to \$0.97 per hundred of taxable value. This decrease in the tax rate is in accordance with the requirements of House Bill 3 of the 86th Texas Legislature in 2019 which made significant changes to the Texas school finance system. The District adopted a debt service tax rate of \$0.22 for the 2019-2020 budget year in order to fund required debt payments in the coming year. The combined tax rate of the District for the 2019-2020 budget year is \$1.19 per hundred of taxable value.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office, at Weimar Independent School District, 506 West Main Street, Weimar, Texas 78962, or by calling (979) 725-6311.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

	Primary Government
Data	1
Control	Governmental
Codes	Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,939,290
1225 Property Taxes Receivable, net	193,553
1240 Due from Other Governments	339,534
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	322,763
1520 Buildings and Improvements, net	10,744,601
1530 Furniture and Equipment, net	751,930
1000 Total Assets	19,291,671
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflows-Pension	1,093,539
1706 Deferred Outflows-OPEB	329,788
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,423,327
LIABILITIES	
2140 Interest Payable	10,988
2150 Payroll Deductions & Withholdings	1,114
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	387,106
2200 Accrued Expenses	21,741
2300 Unearned Revenue	39,552
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Bonds, Loans & Other Payable-Due Within One Year	375,000
2502 Bonds Payable - Due in More than One Year	7,005,000
2516 Unamortized Premium (Discount) on Bonds	203,669
2540 Net Pension Liability	1,824,771
2545 Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability	2,926,486
2000 Total Liabilities	12,795,427
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflows-Pension	225,946
2606 Deferred Inflows-OPEB	925,425
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,151,371
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,235,625
Restricted for:	, - ,
3820 Federal & State Programs	46,142
3850 Debt Service	1,763,332
3900 Unrestricted	723,101
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 6,768,200

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

				Net (Expense) Rev. & Changes
		Program	Revenues	in Net Position
	1	3	4	6
Data	-	-	Operating	Primary Gov.
Control		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Codes	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government: GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
11 Instruction	\$ 4,872,651	\$ -	\$ 699,213	\$ (4,173,438)
12 Instructional Resources & Media Services	52,357	-	4,039	(48,318)
13 Curriculum & Staff Development	32,462	-	14,631	(17,831)
21 Instructional Leadership	24,964	-	399	(24,565)
23 School Leadership	416,749	-	35,142	(381,607)
31 Guidance/Counseling/Evaluation Services	245,373	-	65,849	(179,524)
33 Health Services	71,021	-	6,259	(64,762)
34 Student Transportation	47,709	-	3,918	(43,791)
35 Food Services	329,748	72,327	241,541	(15,880)
36 Extracurricular Activities	509,907	33,380	18,482	(458,045)
41 General Administration	588,937	3,023	26,686	(559,228)
51 Plant Maintenance and Operations	724,638	-	24,226	(700,412)
52 Security and Monitoring Services	77,724	-	-	(77,724)
53 Data Processing Services	242,353	-	33,278	(209,075)
72 Interest on Long-Term Debt	237,997	-	207,216	(30,781)
73 Bond Issuance Cost & Fees	700	-	-	(700)
91 Contracted Instructional Resources	-	-	511	511
TG Total Governmental Activities:	8,475,290	108,730	1,381,390	(6,985,170)
TP TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 8,475,290	\$ 108,730	\$ 1,381,390	(6,985,170)
General Revenues: Taxes:				
MT Property Taxes, Levied for Gene	eral Purposes			4,048,528
DT Property Taxes, Levied for Debt	Service			857,529
SF State Aid - Formula Grants				2,396,262
GC Grants and Contributions, not Re	stricted			222,628
IE Investment Earnings				72,825
MI Miscellaneous Local and Interme	diate Revenue			36,464
TR Total General Revenues				7,634,236
CN Change in Net Position				649,066
NB Net Position Beginning				6,119,134
NE Net Position Ending				\$ 6,768,200

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

	10		50			98
Data						Total
Control	General		Debt	Other	Go	vernmental
Codes	Fund	Se	rvice Fund	Funds		Funds
ASSETS						
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,059,488	\$	1,784,111	\$ 95,691	\$	6,939,290
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	178,361		36,702	-		215,063
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(17,837)		(3,673)	-		(21,510)
1240 Due from Other Governments	311,308		-	28,226		339,534
1260 Due from Other Funds	 82,518		-	 562		83,080
1000A Total Assets	\$ 5,613,838	\$	1,817,140	\$ 124,479	\$	7,555,457
LIABILITIES						
2150 Payroll Ded. and Withholdings Payable	\$ 1,114	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,114
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	363,981		-	23,125		387,106
2170 Due to Other Funds	11,697		53,808	17,575		83,080
2200 Accrued Expenditures	16,490		-	5,251		21,741
2300 Unearned Revenues	7,166		-	32,386		39,552
2000 Total Liabilities	 400,448		53,808	78,337		532,593
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2600 Deferred Inflows-Unavailable Revenues	160,524		33,029	-		193,553
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	160,524		33,029	-		193,553
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted	-		-	46,142		46,142
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-		1,730,303	-		1,730,303
Committed for:						
3510 Construction	400,000		-	-		400,000
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	 4,652,866		-	 -		4,652,866
3000 Total Fund Balances	 5,052,866		1,730,303	46,142		6,829,311
4000 Balances	\$ 5,613,838	\$	1,817,140	\$ 124,479	\$	7,555,457

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

				1
	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	6,829,311
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial			
	resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
	Governmental capital assets	\$ 21,753,813		
	Less accumulated depreciation	 (9,934,519)		11,819,294
2	Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
	Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums	(7,583,669)		
	Net pension liability	(1,824,771)		
	Net OPEB liability	 (2,926,486)		(12,334,926)
3	Accrued interest on long-term debt related to governmental fund activities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.			(10,988)
4	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,093,539		
	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(225,946)		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	329,788		
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	 (925,425)		271,956
5	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected, but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore, property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, is added to the Statement of Net Position for governmental			
	activities.			193,553
	Net Position of Governmental Activities		¢	6,768,200

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		10		50				98
Data								Total
Control		General		Debt		Other	Go	vernmental
Codes		Fund	Se	rvice Fund		Funds		Funds
REVENUES								
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	4,165,971	\$	874,212	\$	72,327	\$	5,112,510
5800 State Program Revenues	Ŧ	2,687,554	Ŧ	18,430	Ŧ	120,530	Ŧ	2,826,514
5900 Federal Program Revenues		241,058		-		748,441		989,499
5020 Total Revenues		7,094,583		892,642		941,298		8,928,523
EXPENDITURES				,		,		
0011 Instruction		3,776,845		-		502,616		4,279,461
0012 Instructional Resources & Media Services		46.269		-		-		46,269
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development		10,103		_		20.053		30,156
0021 Instructional Leadership		22,920		-				22,920
0023 School Leadership		363,173		-		-		363,173
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services		133,313		-		79,222		212,535
0033 Health Services		62,038		-		-		62,038
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		41,127		-		-		41,127
0035 Food Services		-		-		293,318		293,318
0036 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		461,448		-		_		461,448
0041 General Administration		523,330		-		-		523,330
0051 Plant Maintenance and Operations		749,914		-		-		749,914
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		72,202		-		-		72,202
0053 Data Processing Services		188,440		-		30,074		218,514
0071 Debt Service - Principal		-		370,000		-		370,000
0072 Debt Service - Interest		-		258,744		-		258,744
0073 Debt Service - Fees		-		700		-		700
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		201,817		-		-		201,817
6030 Total Expenditures		6,652,939		629,444		925,283		8,207,666
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		441,644		263,198		16,015		720,857
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		441,644		263,198		16,015		720,857
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning		4,611,222		1,467,105		30,127		6,108,454
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$	5,052,866	\$	1,730,303	\$	46,142	\$	6,829,311

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Total Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds		\$ 720,857
1	Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 302,569 (564,138)	(261,569)
2	Repayment of principal on bonds, notes, and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but this expenditure is removed from the Statement of Activities and the repayments instead reduce long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.		370,000
3	Since long-term debt is not recorded in governmental funds, amortization of related issuance premiums and discounts is also not recorded.		20,424
4	The change in accrued interest due on long-term debt issued for governmental activities does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.		323
5	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore the uncollected amount of the current year levy is added to current year property tax revenue on the Statement of Activities.		11,566
6	Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, pension contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net pension liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net pension liability, adjusted for changes in deferred pension items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		(157,551)
7	Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, OPEB contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net OPEB liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net OPEB liability, adjusted for changes in deferred OPEB items, is reported as OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.		(54,984)
10	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 649,066

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data						Actual			
Control	Budgeted Amounts			Amounts		Variance With			
Codes	Original			Final		(GAAP BASIS)		Final Budget	
REVENUES									
5700 Local & Intermediate Sources	\$	4,156,280	\$	4,186,550	\$	4,165,971	\$	(20,579)	
5800 State Program Revenues		2,172,158		2,332,658		2,687,554		354,896	
5900 Federal Program Revenues		170,000		241,047		241,058		11	
5020 Total Revenues		6,498,438		6,760,255		7,094,583		334,328	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
0011 Instruction		3,777,554		3,777,554		3,776,845		709	
0012 Instructional Resources & Media Services		47,599		47,599		46,269		1,330	
0013 Curriculum and Staff Development		22,200		22,200		10,103		12,097	
0021 Instructional Leadership		26,764		26,764		22,920		3,844	
0023 School Leadership		366,511		366,511		363,173		3,338	
0031 Guidance/Counseling/Evaluation Services		117,354		137,354		133,313		4,041	
0033 Health Services		60,314		66,314		62,038		4,276	
0034 Student Transportation		75,900		57,900		41,127		16,773	
0036 Extracurricular Activities		505,930		480,930		461,448		19,482	
0041 General Administration		525,562		530,562		523,330		7,232	
0051 Facilities Maintenance & Operations		746,800		758,800		749,914		8,886	
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		13,800		73,800		72,202		1,598	
0053 Data Processing Services		212,150		212,150		188,440		23,710	
0081 Facilities Acquisition & Construction		-		201,817		201,817		-	
6030 Total Expenditures		6,498,438		6,760,255		6,652,939		107,316	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						441 644		441 644	
Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		441,644		441,644	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		441,644		441,644	
0100 Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning)		4,611,222		4,611,222		4,611,222		-	
3000 Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	\$	4,611,222	\$	4,611,222	\$	5,052,866	\$	441,644	

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

Data	Private						
Control	Purpose Trust						
Codes	Funds	Agency I	Funds				
ASSETS							
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 26,51	.9 \$ 10	8,458				
1000 Total Assets	26,51	9 10	8,458				
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
2190 Due to Student Groups	-	10	8,458				
2000 Total Liabilities		\$ 10	8,458				
NET POSITION							
3800 Held in Trust	26,51	9					
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 26,51	9					

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	Private Purpose Trust Funds		
ADDITIONS			
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 35,355		
5020 Total Revenues	35,355		
DEDUCTIONS			
6200 Professional and Contracted Services	34,500		
6400 Other Operating Costs	2,000		
6030 Total Expenses	36,500		
1200 Change in Net Position	(1,145)		
0100 Net Position - Beginning	27,664		
3000 Net Position - Ending	\$ 26,519		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes those activities, organizations and functions related to Weimar Independent School District (the "District"), which are controlled by or dependent upon the District's governing body, the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). The Board, a seven member group, is the level of government having governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the District. Since the District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources, it must comply with the requirements of the entities providing those funds. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority. Furthermore, there are no legally separate organizations, known as "component units", included within the reporting entity.

The accounting policies of the District comply with the rules prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in its Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG). These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Major revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include state and federal program revenues and property taxes. No accrual for property taxes collected within sixty days of year end has been made as such amounts are deemed immaterial; delinquent property taxes at year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources within the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Major Funds and Fund Types

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund includes financial resources that are not required to be reported separately in another fund. It is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered to be resources available for current operations.

The Debt Service Fund includes debt service taxes and other revenues collected to retire bond principal and to pay interest due. It is a budgeted fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds which include resources restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes by a grantor or the Board. Federally financed programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods are accounted for in these funds.

Private Purpose Trust Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for donations for which the donors have stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District utilizes this fund type to account for money collected and held for the purpose of awarding scholarships to selected students.

Agency Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. The District utilizes this fund type to account for funds held on behalf of student clubs and organizations.

Budgetary Information

Budgets are prepared annually for the General Fund, the Child Nutrition Fund, and the Debt Service Fund on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. A formal budget is prepared by the end of August and is adopted by the Board at a public meeting after public notice of the meeting has been given no earlier than the 30th day or later than the 10th day before the public hearing. The legal level of control for budgeted expenditures is the function level within the budgeted funds. Amendments to the budget are required prior to expending amounts greater than the budgeted amounts at the function level. Budgets are controlled at the departmental or campus level, the same level at which responsibility for operations is assigned. The budget was monitored by the administration throughout the year and amendments were brought to the Board as needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

<u>Investments</u> - The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by Section 2256 of the Texas Government Code ("Public Funds Investment Act"). The types of investments allowed under the Public Funds Investment Act are detailed in Note 2 - Deposits and Investments. The District's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policies. The District accrues interest on temporary investments based on the terms and effective interest rates of the specific investments. Temporary investments throughout the year consisted of investments in external investment pools, which are recognized at amortized cost, and money market accounts.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are generally not recorded in the General Fund or Child Nutrition Fund due to amounts of expendable supplies held or purchased food not being deemed material. When inventories are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when consumed. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the inventory does not represent "available expendable resources."

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, furniture and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000 and a useful life of greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased, or estimated fair value at the date of donation, if donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets (other than land and construction in progress) are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements - fifteen to thirty years, furniture and equipment - three to twenty years, and vehicles - five to ten years.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are charged to expenditures when consumed. When prepaid items are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when the value represented by the prepaid item has been used. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the prepaid item amount does not represent "available expendable resources."

<u>Ad Valorem Property Taxes</u> - Delinquent taxes, when received, are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave Liability</u> - The State of Texas (the "State") has created a minimum sick leave program consisting of five days of sick leave per year with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every person regularly employed in Texas public schools. Each district's local Board is required to establish a sick leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional sick leave beyond the state minimum.

<u>Pensions</u> - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Other Post-Employment Benefits</u> - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas TRS Care Plan (TRS-Care) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

<u>Fund Balance/Deficit</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

<u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> - For purposes of the statement of cash flows when Proprietary Funds are used, cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> - The District adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity.
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

- Market approach uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities
- Cost approach uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost)
- Income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes shown on the financial statements refer to the account code structure prescribed by the FASRG. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in their financial statements to ensure accuracy in building a state-wide data base for policy development and funding plans.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest in funds under a written investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy for operating and agency funds, in order of priority, are safety, investment liquidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements. The primary objective of the District's investment strategy for Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds is sufficient investment liquidity to meet related obligations.

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines established in the investment policy:

- Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities
- Certificates of deposit and share certificates
- Fully collateralized repurchase agreements
- Securities lending programs
- Banker's acceptances
- Commercial paper
- No-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds
- Public funds investment pools

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. Therefore the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Under the depository contract, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposit provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States Treasury Bill rates.

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$7,074,267 and the bank balance was \$7,141,141. The District's deposits with financial institutions at August 31, 2019 and during the year ended August 31, 2019 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. The deposits were collateralized in accordance with Texas law and the District maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District.

The District maintains a cash pool consisting of demand deposits. The combined pool is available for use by most Special Revenue Funds. If a fund overdraws its share of the pool, the overdraft is reported as an interfund payable in that fund. The offsetting interfund receivable is reported in the General Fund.

The following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

a) Name of depository bank: Hill Bank and Trust Company

b) The amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$10,500,000.

c) The largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$10,443,119 and occurred during the month of March 2019.

d) Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of highest combined balance was \$250,000.

The district had no investments at August 31, 2019.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At August 31, 2019, District was not exposed to credit risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the District, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District 31, 2019, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. Information regarding investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of the District's total investments must be disclosed under GASB Statement No. 40, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. At August 31, 2019, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the District's investment policy requires that maturities will not exceed the weighted average maturity of 180 days for any internally created pool fund group and one year from the time of purchase for any other individual investment. The Board may specifically authorize a longer maturity for a given investment, within legal limits. The District considers the holdings in the local governmental investment pools to have a one day weighted average maturity due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholders, unless there has been a significant change in value. At August 31, 2019, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

As of August 31, 2019, the District did not have any balances classified as investments.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code (the "Code") which established a county-wide appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State. The Colorado Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") is responsible for the recording and appraisal of all property in the District. Under the Code, the school board sets the tax rates on property and the Colorado County Tax Assessor/Collector provides tax collection services. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Further, real property must be reappraised at least every three years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Property taxes are levied as of October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes and penalties and interest that are ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period, including those property taxes expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the end of the District's fiscal year. The assessed value at January 1, 2018, upon which the October 2018 levy was based was \$388,159,209. The District levied taxes based on a combined tax rate of \$1.26 per \$100 of assessed valuation for local maintenance (general governmental services) and debt service.

4. DUE FROM/TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully fund certain activities. The District also receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Grants and entitlements are recorded as revenue when earned, therefore at year end amounts earned but not yet received in cash may be recorded as due from the grantor government. Amounts already received in cash but not yet earned are recorded as due to the grantor government.

A summary of amounts recorded as Due From/Due To Other Governments in the basic financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Due From Other Governments:	Non-Major					
	(General	Gov	ernmental		
		Fund	I	Funds		Total
Governmental Activities:						
Foundation & Per Capita Entitlements	\$	311,308	\$	-	\$	311,308
State Grants		-		735		735
Federal Grants		-		27,491		27,491
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	311,308	\$	28,226	\$	339,534

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

During the course of operations, the individual funds of the District may engage in temporary borrowings of money between one another to meet liquidity needs. These interfund receivables and payables are recorded on the balance sheet of the loaning fund as "Due from Other Funds" and on the balance sheet of the borrowing fund as "Due to Other Funds". Amounts are repaid when funds are available in the borrowing fund.

Individual funds may also make payments between one another which are intended to be permanent and therefore not repaid. These transactions are recorded on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as "Transfers Out" for the paying fund and "Transfers In" for the receiving fund.

The District did not make any transfers during the year.

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2019 was as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		A	amount
General Fund	General Fund	\$	11,697
	Special Revenue Funds		17,013
	Debt Service Fund		53,808
Total General Fund			82,518
Special Revenue Funds	Special Revenue Funds		562
Total Special Revenue Funds			562
Grand Total		\$	83,080

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance 9/1/18	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance 8/31/19
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 322,763	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 322,763
Total Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated	322,763	-	-	322,763
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	19,300,250	201,817	-	19,502,067
Furniture and Equipment	1,828,231	100,752	-	1,928,983
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	21,128,481	302,569	-	21,431,050
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(8,293,208)	(464,258)	-	(8,757,466)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,077,173)	(99,880)	-	(1,177,053)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,370,381)	(564,138)	-	(9,934,519)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$12,080,863	\$ (261,569)	\$ -	\$11,819,294

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the District as follows:

Function		Depreciation Allocation	
Instruction	\$	327,287	
Instructional Resources & Media		3,539	
Curriculum & Staff Development		2,306	
Instructional Leadership		1,753	
School Leadership		27,775	
Guidance/Counseling/Evaluation Services	16,254		
Health Services		4,745	
Student Transportation		3,145	
Food Services		22,433	
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		35,291	
General Administration		40,024	
Plant Maintenance and Operations		57,352	
Security and Monitoring Services		5,522	
Data Processing Services		16,712	
Totals	\$	564,138	

7. BONDS, NOTES, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental activities long-term debt obligations at August 31, 2019 consisted of the following:

General Long-Term Debt Description	standing at gust 31, 2019
\$4,735,000 U/L Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2011, due in annual installments of \$50,000 to \$540,000 through 2036; interest at 2.0-4.0%.	\$ 4,335,000
\$3,820,000 U/L Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, due in annual installments of \$160,000 to \$320,000 through 2028; interest at 2.0-3.5%.	3,045,000
Total General Long-Term Debt	\$ 7,380,000

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2019:

	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
Туре	9/1/18	Additions	Deletions	8/31/19	One Year
Bonds Payable:					
General Oblig. & Refunding Bonds	\$ 7,750,000	\$ -	\$ (370,000)	\$ 7,380,000	\$ 375,000
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	224,093	-	(20,424)	203,669	-
Total Bonds	7,974,093	-	(390,424)	7,583,669	375,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,974,093	\$ -	\$ (390,424)	\$ 7,583,669	\$ 375,000

For the general obligation bonds, the District has pledged as collateral the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual tax levied against taxable property within the District. The Texas Education Code generally limits issuance of additional ad valorem tax bonds if the tax rate needed to pay aggregate principal and interest amounts of the District's tax bond indebtedness would exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District.

Annual principal installments for outstanding bonds vary each year. The debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds as of August 31, 2019 are as follows:

	General Obligations					
Year Ended						Total
August 31,]	Principal Inte		Interest	Re	quirements
2020	\$	375,000	\$	251,344	\$	626,344
2021		385,000		243,345		628,345
2022		395,000		231,794		626,794
2023		405,000		219,945		624,945
2024		415,000		207,794		622,794
2025-2029		2,065,000		831,546		2,896,546
2030-2034		2,285,000		465,962		2,750,962
2035-2036		1,055,000		63,797		1,118,797
Totals	\$	7,380,000	\$	2,515,527	\$	9,895,527
			-		-	

8. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS PENSION PLAN

A. Pension Plan Description

Weimar Independent School District participates in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) which is a public employee retirement system that is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation (the "Plan"). The Plan is administered by the Board of Trustees of TRS. Benefits are established or amended under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Texas Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The Board of Trustees of TRS does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported education institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Detailed information about TRS and the Plan as a whole is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

B. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides service retirement, disability, and death benefits. Membership in the Plan includes all employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempt from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002.

C. Contributors to the Plan

Contributors to the Plan include active members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only nonemployer contributing entity. The State is also considered the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with State Statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to the following state laws:

- Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution requires the Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the Plan during the fiscal year.
- Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if it increases the amortization period of TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities to greater than 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the Plan's actuary.

As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the Plan the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the Plan during that fiscal year, reduced by the employer paid amounts described below.

All participating employers are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following situations:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, non-educational and general funds, or local funds

In addition, employers are also required to pay surcharges in the following cases:

- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the applicable salary
- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay an amount equal to the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge

Contribution rates and amounts for active members, employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below.

Contribution Rates	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Active Members	7.7%	7.7%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
State of Texas (NECE)	6.8%	6.8%
Contribution Amounts		
Active Members	\$ 314,201	\$ 326,546
Employers	108,239	113,404
State of Texas (NECE)	253,653	242,746

E. Net Pension Liability

Components of the net pension liability of the Plan as a whole as of August 31, 2018 are disclosed below.

Components of Pension Liability	Total
Total Pension Liability	\$ 209,611,329,000
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (154,568,902,000)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 55,042,427,000
Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	73.74%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A change was made in the measurement date of the total pension liability for the current fiscal year. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2017. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2018. This is the first year using roll forward procedures.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the Plan's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and were adopted in July 2018.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are shown below.

		Long-Term Expected	Expected Contribution to
	Target	Geometric Real	Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation ¹	Rate of Return	Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	5.70%	1.04%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	6.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	8.95%	0.80%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00%	3.53%	0.14%
Private Equity	13.00%	10.18%	1.32%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11.00%	1.11%	0.12%
Absolute Return	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00%	3.09%	0.12%
Cash	1.00%	-0.30%	0.00%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.00%	0.70%	0.02%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.21%	0.73%
Energy and Natural Resources	5.00%	7.48%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00%	3.70%	0.18%
Inflation Expectations			2.30%
Volatility Drag ²			-0.79%
Total	100.00%		7.25%

1 - Target allocations are based on the FY2016 policy model.

2 - The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	6.907%
Long-Term Expected Rate	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2018	3.69%. Source for the rate is the Fixed
	Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data
	Municipal Bonds with 20 years to
	Maturity that include only federally
	tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported
	in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal
	GO AA Index."
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years)	2116
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

G. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.907 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.69 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2013 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 7.76 percent of payroll. This includes a factor for the rehired retirees and the Non-OASDI surcharge. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

H. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

Assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to the Pension Trust Fund were updated from the prior year's report. The net pension liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Demographic assumptions including postretirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.
- The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.
- I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

The following table presents the net pension liability associated with the District using the discount rate of 6.907 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, 5.907 percent, or one percentage point higher, 7.907 percent, than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate of 5.907%	Discount Rate of 6.907%	Discount Rate 7.907%	
District's Proportionate Share				
of the Net Pension Liability:	\$ 2,754,018	\$ 1,824,771	\$ 1,072,492	

J. Net Pension Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, and Pension Expense

The net pension liability of the Plan as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of the Plan's net pension liability based on the District's contributions to the Plan relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District.

	Measurement Date					
		8/31/2017	8	8/31/2018		Change
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.00	00033723514	0.00	00033152089	-0.0	00000571425
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,078,296	\$	1,824,771	\$	746,475
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability						
Associated with the District		2,156,923		3,599,043		1,442,120
Total Pension Liability	\$	3,235,219	\$	5,423,814	\$	2,188,595

At August 31, 2019, Weimar Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 11,374	\$ 44,773
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	657,918	20,560
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	94,832	129,456
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between the Employer's		
Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	216,011	31,157
Contributions Paid to TRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	113,404	-
Total	\$ 1,093,539	\$ 225,946

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended	Pension Expense			
August 31,	Amount			
2019	\$ 210,664			
2020	137,801			
2021	115,960			
2022	115,728			
2023	103,890			
Thereafter	70,146			

For the year ended August 31, 2019, Weimar Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$157,551 and revenue of \$356,209 for support provided by the State.

9. EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by the state-wide health insurance plan, TRS Active Care. The District contributed \$150 per month per employee to the Plan, the State provided an additional \$75 per month per employee, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions or premiums for dependents. TRS manages TRS Active Care. The Plan is administered by Aetna while Caremark was assigned the prescription drug plan.

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN – TRS-CARE

A. Plan Description

Weimar Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) which is a multiple- employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The Board of Trustees of TRS administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards. Further detailed information regarding TRS and TRS-Care is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

B. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the Medicare Advantage health plans. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicareeligible participants.
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

C. Contributors to TRS-Care

Contributors to the plan include active and retired members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. Employers include public schools, educational districts, regional service centers and open-enrollment charter schools whose employees are members of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

D. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers are based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

At the inception of the plan, funding was projected to last 10 years through fiscal year 1995. The original funding was sufficient to maintain the solvency of the fund through fiscal year 2000. Since that time, appropriations and contributions have been established to be sufficient to provide benefits for each successive biennium.

Section 1575.202 of the Texas Insurance Code establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee rate which is 0.65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2018.

Contribution rates and amounts for active employees, participating employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below.

Contribution Rates	 2018	 2019
Active Employees	0.65%	0.65%
Participating Employers	0.75%	0.75%
State of Texas (NECE)	1.25%	1.25%
Federal/Private Funding*	1.25%	1.25%
Contribution Amounts		
Active Employees	\$ 26,523	\$ 37,157
Participating Employers	37,558	27,566
NECE On-Behalf Contributions	44,762	42,838

* Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer and paid at the State rate.

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employing a retiree of the TRS. The TRS Care surcharges for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$10,264,182.

To alleviate a funding shortfall for the 2018-2019 biennium, Senate Bill 1, 85th Legislature, Regular Session provided a one-time supplemental contribution in the amount of \$182.6 million and also provided the following increases in contributions for fiscal years 2018-19:

- Increased the State contribution rate by 0.25 percent of active employee payroll to 1.25 percent
- Increased the employer contribution rate by 0.20 percent of active employee payroll to 0.75 percent

House Bill 3976 made the 0.25 percent increase in the State contribution a permanent and ongoing increase of state funding to the program. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. One-time supplemental contributions during fiscal year 2018 totaled \$394.6 million.

The premium rates for health insurance in the following table are based on the years of service of the retiree. The following schedule shows the monthly rates for an average retiree with 20 to 29 years of service for the standard plan with Medicare Part A and Part B.

TRS-Care Standard Plan Premium Rates Effective September 1, 2016 - December 31, 2017							
	TR	S-Care 1	TR	S-Care 2	TRS-Care 3		
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ -		\$	70	\$	100	
Retiree and Spouse		20		175		255	
Retiree* and Children		41		132		182	
Retiree and Family		61		237		337	
Surviving Children only		28		62		82	

The new premium rates for retirees with Medicare Part A and Part B became effective January 1, 2018 and are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Standard Plan Premium Rates							
Effective January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018							
	Medicare Non-Medicar						
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200			
Retiree and Spouse		529		689			
Retiree or Surviving Spouse/Children		468		408			
Retiree and Family		1,020		999			

E. Net OPEB Liability

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2018 are disclosed in the following table.

Components of OPEB Liability	Total
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 50,729,490,103
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(798,574,633)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 49,930,915,470
Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	1.57%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll Forward

A change was made in the measurement date of the total OPEB liability for this fiscal year. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2017. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2018. This is the first year using the roll forward procedures.

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in this OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. Since the assumptions were based upon a recent actuarial experience study performed and they were reasonable for this OPEB valuation, they were employed in this report.

The following assumptions used for members of TRS are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2018 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

- Rates of Mortality
- Rates of Retirement
- Rates of Termination
- Rates of Disability
- General Inflation
- Wage Inflation
- Expected Payroll Growth

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Health Care Trend Rates

Initial medical trend rates of 107.74 percent and 9.00 percent for Medicare retirees and an initial medical trend rate of 6.75 percent for non-Medicare retirees. Initial prescription drug trend rate of 11.00 percent for all retirees. The first year trend increase for the Medicare Advantage (medical) premiums reflects the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	Actuarial	Methods	and	Assumption	S
-----------------------------------	-----------	---------	-----	------------	---

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	8/31/17, rolled forward to 8/31/18 Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation Single Discount Rate	2.30% 3.69%. Sourced from fixed income municipal bonds
8	with 20 years to maturity that include only federal
	tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of
	8/31/18.
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% after age 65.
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the
	age-adjusted claim costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

In this valuation, the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

G. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of 0.27 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is a pay-as-you-go plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

H. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The total OPEB liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using the roll forward method of the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- The discount rate changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent, as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the total OPEB liability \$2.3 billion.
- I. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

See Section B which lists the changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

J. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the discount rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower, 2.69 percent, or one-percentage point higher, 4.69 percent, than the AA/Aa rate.

	1% Decrease in	Current Discount	1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate 2.69%	Rate 3.69%	Discount Rate 4.69%		
District's Proportionate Share					
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 3,483,523	\$ 2,926,486	\$ 2,485,833		

K. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumptions

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

			Current Healthcare Cost		
	1%	Decrease	Trend Rate		1% Increase
Districts's Proportionate Share					
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,430,494	\$	2,926,486	\$ 3,579,717

L. Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, and OPEB Expense

The net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care program as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of TRS Care's net OPEB liability based on the District's contributions to the program relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District.

	Measurement Date					
	8	8/31/2017	8	8/31/2018		Change
District's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.00	00056830038	0.00	00058610692	0.00	00001780654
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,471,325	\$	2,926,486	\$	455,161
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability						
Associated with the District		3,119,131		3,483,310		364,179
Total OPEB Liability	\$	5,590,456	\$	6,409,796	\$	819,340

At August 31, 2019, Weimar Independent School District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 155,298	\$ 46,184
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	48,835	879,241
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	512	-
Change in Proportion and Difference Between the Employer's		
Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	97,577	-
Contributions Paid to TRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	27,566	-
Total	\$ 329,788	\$ 925,425

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended	OPEB Expense
August 31,	Amount
2019	\$ (103,040)
2020	(103,040)
2021	(103,040)
2022	(103,136)
2023	(103,192)
Thereafter	(107,755)

For the year ended August 31, 2019, Weimar Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$54,984 and revenue of \$126,702 for support provided by the State.

11. FRINGE BENEFITS PAID BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2019 and August 31, 2018, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$15,778 and \$15,952 respectively.

12. FUND BALANCES

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are described below.

<u>Nonspendable</u> - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> - For the General Fund, the Board, or an official or body that has been delegated authority by the Board, may appropriate amounts that are to be used for a specific purpose. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

A detail of the fund balance amounts within each category is included on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board has delegated authority to the Superintendent to assign fund balance for a specific purpose. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance.

13. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

Non-Major										
General Debt Service			Gov	vernmental		Trust				
Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	Total			
\$ 4,038,990	\$	855,502	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,894,492			
54,115		18,710		-		355	73,180			
3,023		-		-		-	3,023			
-		-		-		35,000	35,000			
32,043		-		-		-	32,043			
-		-		72,327		-	72,327			
33,379		-		-		-	33,379			
4,421		-		-		-	4,421			
\$ 4,165,971	\$	874,212	\$	72,327	\$	35,355	\$ 5,147,865			
	Fund \$ 4,038,990 54,115 3,023 - 32,043 - 33,379 4,421	Fund \$ 4,038,990 \$ 54,115 3,023 - 32,043 - 33,379 4,421	Fund Fund Fund Fund \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 54,115 18,710 3,023 - - - 32,043 - - - 33,379 - 4,421 -	General Fund Debt Service Fund Gov Fund \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 \$ 54,115 \$ 18,710 3,023 - - - - - 32,043 - - - - - 33,379 - - 4,421 - -	General Fund Debt Service Fund Governmental Funds \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 \$ - \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 \$ - \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 \$ - \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 \$ - \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 \$ - \$ 54,115 18,710 - 3,023 - - - - - 32,043 - - - - 72,327 33,379 - - 4,421 - -	General Fund Debt Service Fund Governmental Funds \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 \$ - \$ 54,115 \$ 18,710 \$ - \$ 3,023 - \$ - \$ -	General Fund Debt Service Governmental Funds Trust Funds \$ 4,038,990 \$ 855,502 \$ - \$ - 54,115 18,710 - 355 3,023 - - - - - - 355 3,023 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 72,327 - 33,379 - - - 4,421 - - -			

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

14. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at August 31, 2019 consisted of the following amounts:

		State	Federal					
Fund	Grants		 Grants	Total				
General Fund	\$	7,166	\$ -	\$	7,166			
Non-Major Governmental Funds		8,901	 23,485		32,386			
Total	\$	16,067	\$ 23,485	\$	39,552			

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's risk management program includes coverages through third party insurance providers for property, automobile liability, school professional liability, crime, workers' compensation, and other miscellaneous bonds. During the year ended August 31, 2019, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Losses in excess of the various deductible levels are covered through traditional indemnity coverage for buildings and contents, and vehicle liability with various insurance firms. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance limits for the past three years.

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of *Government Auditing Standards* and when applicable, the Uniform Guidance, for the year ended August 31, 2019, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits performed by the specific grantors. These audits, if performed, could result in amounts of expenditures being disallowed by the granting agencies and subject to repayment. The District however expects that such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

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17. SELF-INSURANCE FUND

The District participates in the Texas Association of School Boards, Inc. (TASB) Risk Management Fund's Workers' Compensation Aggregate Deductible Program. The District is obligated to pay claims up to its aggregate deductible or its total loss and allocated loss adjustment expense (ALAE). The claim liability below is an estimate of potential loss exposure on workers' compensation claims at year end based on the District's actuarial analysis provided by TASB. The ending liability balance below also includes a liability of \$1,223 from a prior workers' compensation plan.

A reconciliation of the estimated claim liability is as follows:

			Es	timated						
Year Ended	Beginning		Curr	rent Year	(Claim	Ending			
 August 31,	Li	ability	(Claims	Pay	yments	Liability			
2019	\$	5,723	\$	2,538	\$	-	\$	8,261		
2018		5,114		609		-		5,723		
2017		897		(3,865)		-		5,114		

18. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION POOL

During the year ended August 31, 2019, Weimar Independent School District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2019, the Fund anticipates that Weimar Independent School District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2018, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Measurement Year									
		2014	2015			2016		2017		2018
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00)18587000%	0.00	033936000%	0.0034262000%		0.0	033723514%	0.00	033152089%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	496,485	\$	1,199,592	\$	1,294,721	\$	1,078,296	\$	1,824,771
State's Proportionate Share of the District Net Pension Liability		2,188,272		2,566,448		2,624,690		2,156,923		3,599,043
Total Pension Liability	\$	2,684,757	\$	3,766,040	\$	3,919,411	\$	3,235,219	\$	5,423,814
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,156,253	\$	3,772,110	\$	3,932,449	\$	3,980,019	\$	4,080,524
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		15.7%		31.8%		32.9%		27.1%		44.7%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Pension Liability		83.25%		78.43%		78.00%		82.17%		73.74%

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB 68.

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Fiscal Year								
		2015	2016		2017		2018		 2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	84,335	\$	105,181	\$	106,965	\$	108,239	\$ 113,404
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(84,335)		(105,181)		(106,965)		(108,239)	 (113,404)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ -
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,772,110	\$	3,932,449	\$	3,980,019	\$	4,080,524	\$ 4,240,848
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		2.2%		2.7%		2.7%		2.7%	2.7%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of August 31.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 68 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY – TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Measurement Year					
		2017		2018		
District's Proportion of the Net Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits	0.0	056830038%	0.0	058610692%		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability	\$	2,471,325	\$	2,926,486		
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability Associated with the District		3,119,131		3,483,310		
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	\$	5,590,456	\$	6,409,796		
District's Covered Payroll	\$	3,980,019	\$	4,080,524		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		62%		72%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net OPEB Liability		0.91%		1.57%		

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB 75.

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			Fi	scal Year	
	2017			2018	 2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	27,240	\$	37,559	\$ 27,566
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(27,240)		(37,559)	 (27,566)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	_				
District's Covered Payroll	\$	3,980,019	\$	4,080,524	\$ 4,240,848
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.7%		0.9%	0.7%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of August 31.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 75 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

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WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Teacher Retirement System Pension Plan

Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was used in the actuarial valuation for determining the actuarially determined contribution rate and the Net Pension Liability in accordance with GASB-68. Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Defined Benefit Pension Plan note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions

The Net Pension Liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study
- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.
- The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.

Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Terms

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums
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WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The total OPEB liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using the roll forward method of the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the TOL.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the TOL.
- The discount rate changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent, as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the total OPEB liability \$2.3 billion.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		211		224		225		226		240
Data									N	lational
									Brea	akfast and
Control	ESE	A, Title I,	IDE	A-Part B,	IDEA-Part B,		IDEA-Part B,			Lunch
Codes]	Part A	F	Formula	Pre	school	Disc	retionary	Р	rogram
ASSETS										
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,902	\$	2,680	\$	236	\$	8,233	\$	42,102
1240 Due from Other Governments		-		15,353		49		384		11,593
1260 Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		562		-
1000A Total Assets	\$	11,902	\$	18,033	\$	285	\$	9,179	\$	53,695
LIABILITIES										
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	\$	2,828	\$	12,451	\$	213	\$	-	\$	7,390
2170 Due to Other Funds		4,445		2,298		3		9,058		11
2200 Accrued Expenditures		1,184		3,284		69		121		152
2300 Unearned Revenues		3,445		-		-		-		-
2000 Total Liabilities		11,902		18,033		285		9,179		7,553
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted		-		-		-		-		46,142
3000 Total Fund Balances		-		-		-		-		46,142
4000 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	11,902	\$	18,033	\$	285	\$	9,179	\$	53,695

255		263	2	288		289		410	2	414	2	429		
A, Title Part A	Title	e III, Part A	RI	EAP	Fun	ederally ded Spec. ev. Fund	Τe	State extbook Fund	Re	exas eading tiative	Pre-I	Pre-K Grant		otal Non- Major vernmental Funds
\$ 1,457 112 -	\$	1,919 - -	\$	50 - -	\$	18,211 - -	\$	8,423 - -	\$	- 735 -	\$	478 - -	\$	95,691 28,226 562
\$ 1,569	\$	1,919	\$	50	\$	18,211	\$	8,423	\$	735	\$	478	\$	124,479
\$ 193 1,025 351	\$	- - 1,919	\$	50 - -	\$	- - 90 18,121	\$	- - 8,423	\$	- 735 - -	\$	- - - 478	\$	23,125 17,575 5,251 32,386
1,569		1,919		50		18,211		8,423		735		478		78,337
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		46,142
\$ - 1,569	\$	- 1,919	\$	- 50	\$	- 18,211	\$	- 8,423	\$	- 735	\$	- 478	\$	46,142 124,479

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	2	1		224	,	225		226		240
Data										lational akfast and
Control	ESEA,	Title I,	IDE	A-Part B,	IDEA	-Part B,	IDE.	A-Part B,		Lunch
Codes	Par	t A	Fe	ormula	Pre	school	Disc	cretionary	Р	rogram
REVENUES										
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	72,327
5800 State Program Revenues		-		-		-		-		8,858
5900 Federal Program Revenues		38,546	1	159,289	11	2,621		212,346		228,148
5020 Total Revenues		38,546		159,289		2,621		212,346		309,333
EXPENDITURES										
0011 Instruction	5	33,553		90,845		2,621		208,889		-
0013 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Dev.		4,993		-		-		-		-
0031 Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Svcs.		-		68,444		-		3,457		-
0035 Food Services		-		-		-		-		293,318
0053 Data Processing Services		-		-		-		-		-
6030 Total Expenditures	5	38,546		159,289		2,621		212,346		293,318
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		-		-		16,015
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		_		_		_		-		16,015
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning		-		-		-		-		30,127
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,142

 255		263		288		289		410		414		429		
EA, Title , Part A	Title	e III, Part A	R	EAP	Func	derally led Spec. v. Fund	Т	State extbook Fund	Re	'exas eading tiative			Gov	otal Non- Major vernmental Funds
\$ - - 16,912	\$	- - 2,384	\$	- -	\$	- - 38,195	\$	- 111,672 -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	72,327 120,530 748,441
 16,912		2,384	·	-		38,195		111,672		-		-		941,298
2,652 14,260		2,384		-		- 800		111,672		-		-		502,616 20,053
-		-		-		7,321		-		-		-		79,222
 -		-		-		- 30,074		-		-	-	-		293,318 30,074
 16,912		2,384		-		38,195		111,672		-		-		925,283
 -		-		-		-		-		-	. <u> </u>	-		16,015
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		16,015 30,127
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,142

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1	2	3		
Last 10 Years E	nded	Tax Ra	Assessed/Appraised Value for School			
August 31,		Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
2010	and prior years	Various	Various	Various		
2011		1.04000	0.18000	\$ 231,278,965		
2012		1.04000	0.24000	282,737,615		
2013		1.04000	0.24000	289,811,159		
2014		1.04000	0.24000	300,890,243		
2015		1.04000	0.24000	340,106,729		
2016		1.04000	0.22000	360,644,683		
2017		1.04000	0.22000	360,488,412		
2018		1.04000	0.22000	346,156,429		
2019	(School year under audit)	1.04000	0.22000	388,159,209		
	TOTALS					

	10		20		31		32		40		50				
B	eginning		Current						Entire		Ending				
]	Balance		Year's	М	aintenance	D	ebt Service	Year's			Balance				
	9/1/18	Т	otal Levy	0	Collections	C	Collections	Ad	justments		8/31/19				
\$	41,897	\$	-	\$	1,631	\$	282	\$	(501)	\$	39,483				
	3,395		-		253		44		-		3,098				
	4,468		-		392		90		-		3,986				
	5,615		-		593		137		-		4,885				
	6,256		-		1,138		263		-		4,855				
	12,068		-		1,751		404		(2)		9,911				
	33,628		-		11,108		2,350		(8)		20,162				
	33,428		-		4,895		1,035		(196)		27,302				
	61,453		-		18,308		3,873	(1,617)		(1,617)		(1,617)		(1,617)	
	-		4,890,806		3,945,879		834,705	(46,496)			63,726				
\$	202,208	\$	4,890,806	\$	3,985,948	\$	843,183	\$	(48,820)	\$	215,063				

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CHILD NUTRITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data							A		
Data						Actual			
Control			Budgeted Amounts			Amounts		Variance With	
Codes		C	Driginal		Final	(GA	AP BASIS)	Fina	al Budget
REVE	NUES								
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	72,327	\$	(2,673)
5800	State Program Revenues		9,400		9,400		8,858		(542)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		208,000		212,600		228,148		15,548
5020	Total Revenues		292,400		297,000		309,333		12,333
EXPE	NDITURES								
0035	Food Services		292,400		297,000		293,318		3,682
6030	Total Expenditures		292,400		297,000		293,318		3,682
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
	Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		16,015		16,015
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		16,015		16,015
0100	Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning)		30,127		30,127		30,127		-
3000	Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	\$	30,127	\$	30,127	\$	46,142	\$	16,015
		-						-	

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data							Actual		
Control		Budgeted Amounts					Amounts	Variance With	
Codes		Original Final				(G	AAP BASIS)	Fir	nal Budget
REVE	NUES								
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$	871,703	\$	871,703	\$	874,212	\$	2,509
5800	State Program Revenues		-		-		18,430		18,430
5020	Total Revenues		871,703		871,703		892,642		20,939
EXPE	NDITURES								
Deb	t Service:								
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		370,000		370,000		370,000		-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		258,744		258,744		258,744		-
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		1,000		1,000		700		300
6030	Total Expenditures		629,744		629,744		629,444		300
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
	Over (Under) Expenditures		241,959		241,959		263,198		21,239
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		241,959		241,959		263,198		21,239
0100	Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning)		1,467,105		1,467,105		1,467,105		-
3000	Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	\$	1,709,064	\$	1,709,064	\$	1,730,303	\$	21,239

WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		R	1 esponses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Fiancial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Comission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies as applicable?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds included in the government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	-
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end	\$	-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end	\$	1,824,771
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end	\$	-

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of Weimar Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weimar Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Weimar Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Weimar Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Weimar Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Weimar Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Weimar Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC Cedar Park, Texas

November 1, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
• Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	\square	No
• Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	\boxtimes	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	\boxtimes	No

FEDERAL AWARDS

Under the guidelines of the federal Uniform Guidance, a Single Audi was not required for the year ended August 31, 2019 due to expenditures of federal awards being below \$750,000.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Findings Related to Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*:

No findings or questioned costs required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the years ended August 31, 2019 and 2018.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings Related to Federal Awards Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with federal Uniform Guidance:

No findings or questioned costs to be reported in accordance with federal Uniform Guidance for the year ended August 31, 2018.