## QUESTIONNAIRE FOR PARENT OF A STUDENT WITH SEIZURES

# WEIMAR INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Please complete all questions. This information is essential for the school nurse and school staff in determining your student's special needs and providing a positive and supportive learning environment. If you have any questions about how to complete this form, please contact your child's school nurse.

#### CONTACT INFORMATION:

Student's Name:	Date of Birth:		School Year:		
School:	Grade:	Classroom:			
Parent/Guardian Name:	Tel. (H):	(W):	(C):		
Other Emergency Contact:	Tel. (H):	(W):	(C):		
Child's Neurologist:	Tel:				
Child's Primary Care Dr.:	Tel:	Loca	ation:		
Significant modical history or conditions:					

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#### SEIZURE INFORMATION:

- 1. When was your child diagnosed with seizures or epilepsy?
- 2. Seizure type(s):

Seizure Type	Length	Frequency	Description

- What might trigger a seizure in your child?
- Are there any warnings and/or behavior changes before the seizure occurs? 
   YES If YES, please explain:
- 5. When was your child's last seizure?\_\_\_\_\_
- Has there been any recent change in your child's seizure patterns? 
   YES NO

   If YES, please explain:
- 7. How does your child react after a seizure is over?\_\_\_\_
- 8. How do other illnesses affect your child's seizure control?\_\_\_\_

#### BASIC FIRST AID: Care and Comfort Measures

- 9. What basic first aid procedures should be taken when your child has a seizure in school?\_\_\_\_\_
- Basic Seizure First Aid: ✓ Stay calm & track time
  - ✓ Keep child safe
  - ✓ Do not restrain
  - Do not put anything in mouth
  - ✓ Stay with child until fully conscious
  - ✓ Record seizure in log
  - For tonic-clonic (grand mal) seizure: ✓ Protect head
  - Keep airway open/watch breathing
  - ✓ Turn child on side
- 10. Will your child need to leave the classroom after a seizure?

If YES, What process would you recommend for returning your child to classroom:

#### SEIZURE EMERGENCIES

11. Please describe what constitutes an emergency for your child? (Answer may require consultation with treating physician and school nurse.

12. Has child ever been hospitalized for continuous seizures? If YES, please explain:

### SEIZURE MEDICATION AND TREATMENT INFORMATION

13. What medication(s) does your child take?

Medication Date Started		Dosage	Frequency and time of day taken	Possible side effects		

14. What emergency/rescue medications needed medications are prescribed for your child?

Medication	Dosage	Administration Instructions (timing* & method**)	What to do after administration:						
* After 2 <sup>nd</sup> or 3 <sup>rd</sup> seizure, for cluster of seizure, etc. ** Orally, under tongue, rectally, etc.									
5. What medication(s) will your child need to take during school hours?									
6. Should any of these medications be administered in a special way? 🛛 🖸 YES 🗖 NO									
If YES, please explain:									
17. Should any particular reaction be watched for? 🧧 YES 🧧 NO									
If YES, please explain:									
8. What should be done when your child misses a dose?									
9. Should the school have backup medication available to give your child for missed dose? 🛛 🗖 YES 🧧 NO									
10. Do you wish to be called before backup medication is given for a missed dose?									

21. Does your child have a Valgus Nerve Stimulator? If YES, please describe instructions for appropriate magnet use:

#### SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS & PRECAUTIONS

22. Check all that apply and describe any considerations or precautions that should be taken:

- General health
- Physical functioning
- Learning:
- Behavior:\_\_\_\_\_
- Mood/coping: Other:
- Recess: Field trips:\_\_\_\_\_

Physical education (gym)/sports:

Bus transportation:

### GENERAL COMMUNICATION ISSUES

23. What is the best way for us to communicate with you about your child's seizure(s)?

2	4. Ca	n th	nis informatior	n be shared	with class	room tea	cher(s) ar	nd other	appropriate	school p	personnel?
	YES		NO								

Parent/Guardian Signature:\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

A Seizure is generally considered an Emergency when:

- ✓ A convulsive (tonic-clonic) seizure lasts longer than 5 minutes
- ✓ Student has repeated seizures without regaining consciousness
- Student has a first time seizure
- ✓ Student is injured or diabetic
- ✓ Student has breathing difficulties
- Student has a seizure in water